

The Molecular Programming Project

molecular-programming.org



THE MOLECULAR PROGRAMMING PROJECT
FOR ANIMATED GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION

Expeditions in Computing PI Meeting

May 14-16, 2013

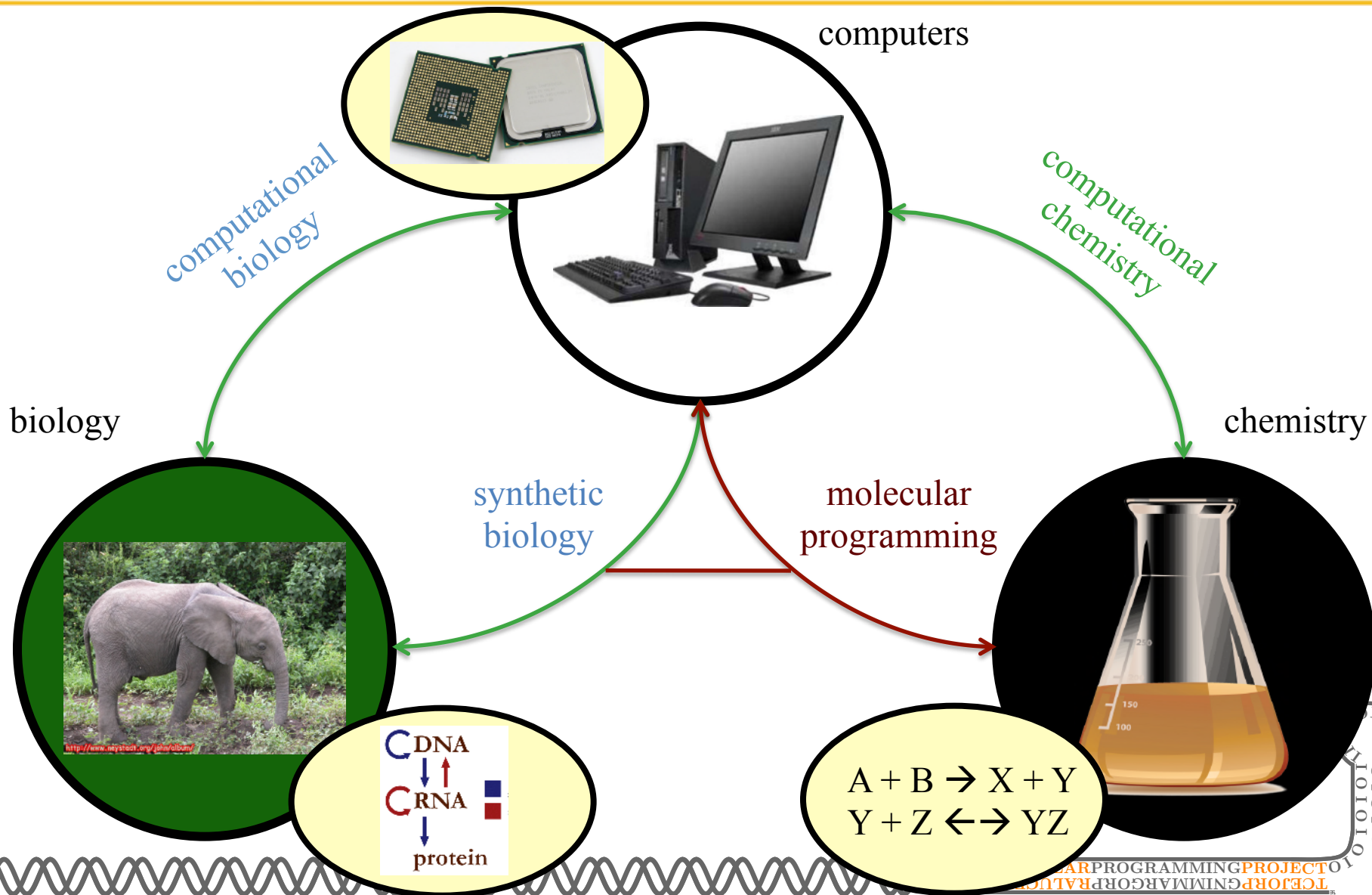
PI: Erik Winfree

**co-PIs: Jehoshua Bruck, Eric Klavins, Richard Murray,
Niles Pierce, Paul Rothemund**

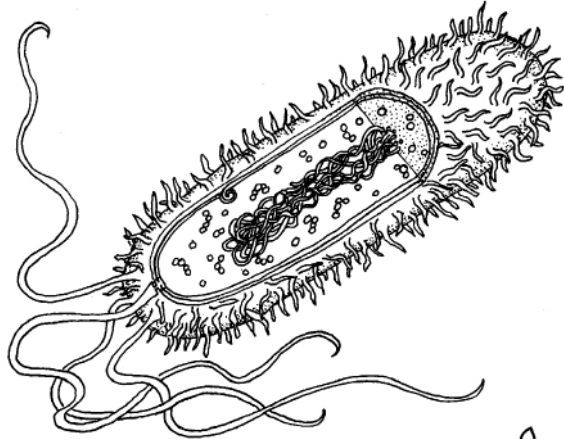
California Institute of Technology and University of Washington



Chemistry as an information technology

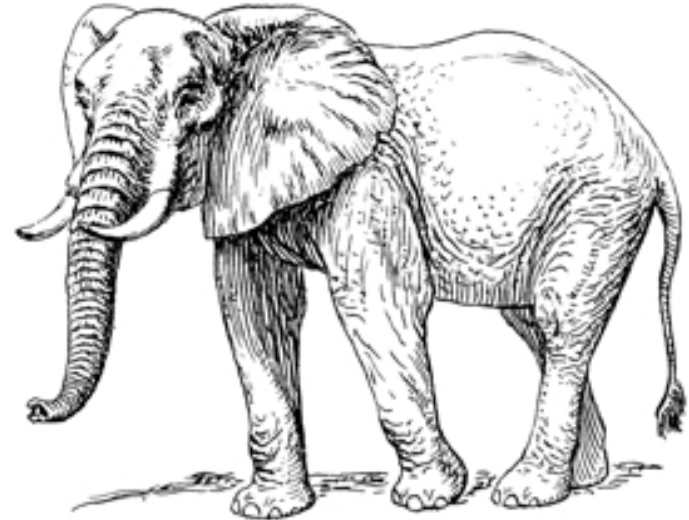


The biological inspiration



L Livingstone © BIODIDAC

1 micron³ volume
4 megabit genome
biochemical circuitry
manufacturing plant
atomic-level design
→ deep physics & chemistry



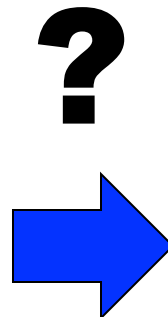
grows from a single cell
contains 10^{15} cells
 10^{27} macromolecules
spans atomic to macro scales
intelligent behavior
→ deep algorithmic issues

Can we engineer molecular systems with life-like qualities?

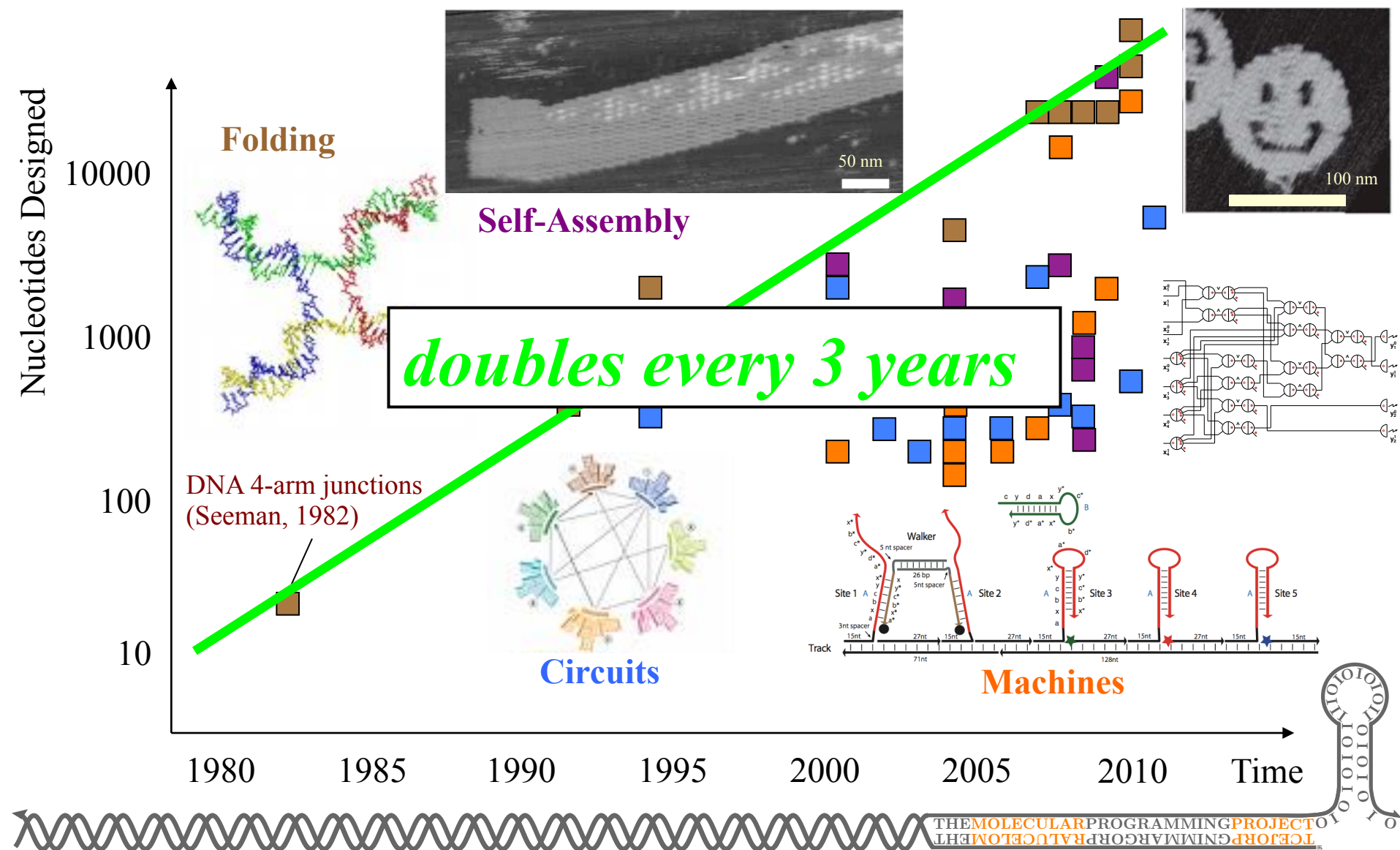
The challenge of programming chemical systems

- ◆ **What kind of programming language do we need to build a fly?**
 - What are the programmable molecular and biochemical building blocks?
 - New concepts for programming and analyzing such systems?
 - Intrinsic fault-tolerance, adaptation, and learning conceptually built in?
 - How to incorporate geometric and mechanical factors?

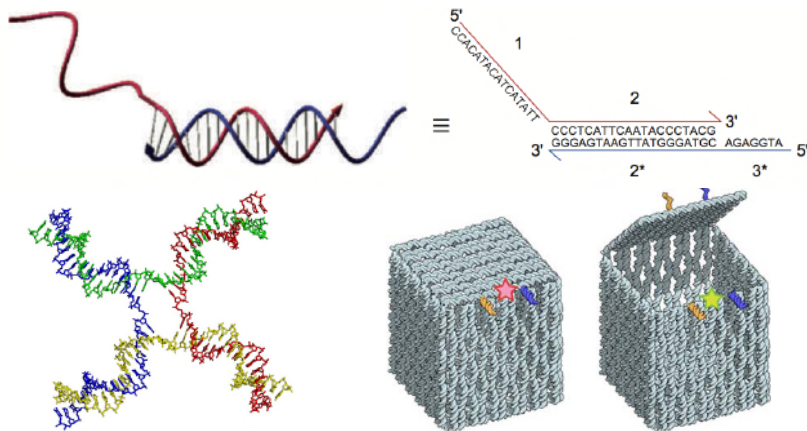
```
include gro
alpha := 0.75;
program p() := {
  gfp := 0;
  r := [ t := 0 ];
  selected & just_divided : {
    print ( "At time ", r.t, ":
           After division, cell ", id,
           " has ", gfp, " gfp molecules" )
  }
  rate ( alpha * volume ) : {
    gfp := gfp + 1
  }
  true : {
    r.t := r.t + dt
  }
};
stemcell ( [], program p() );
```



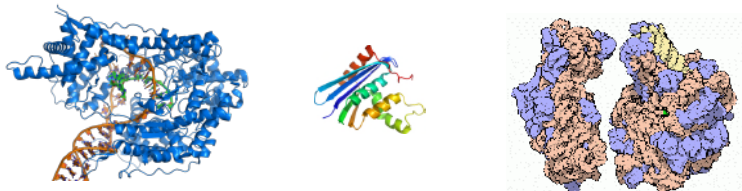
Design complexity in DNA nanotechnology



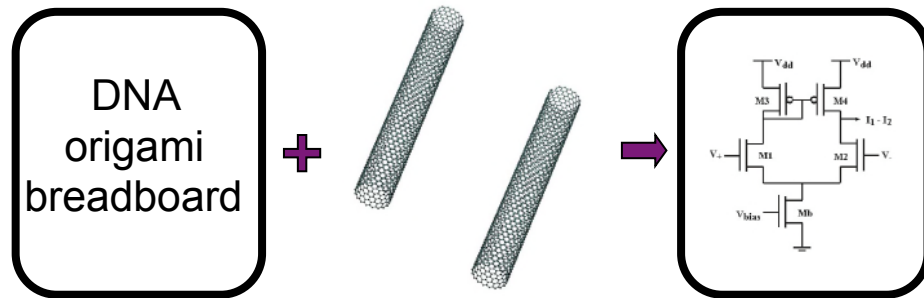
Implementation and applications



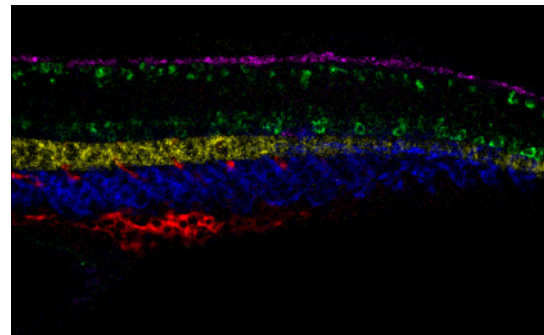
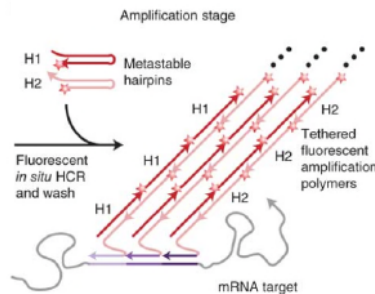
nucleic acids: DNA and RNA



protein enzymes: polymerase, ribosome, ...



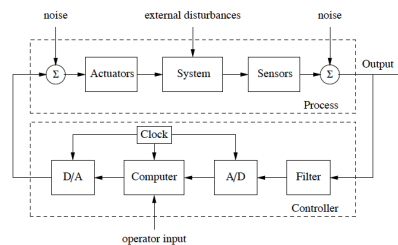
molecular device fabrication by self-assembly



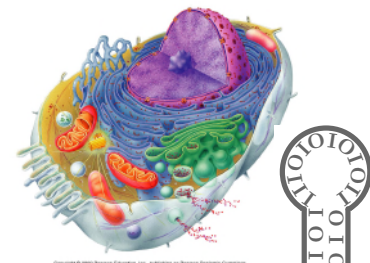
programmable molecular instruments for science



living cells



reprogramming cellular circuits and behavior

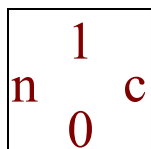
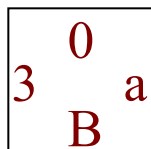
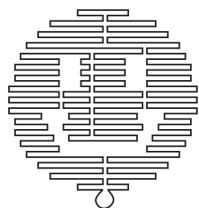


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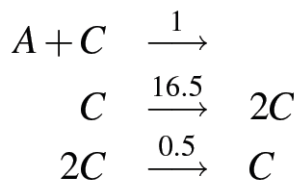
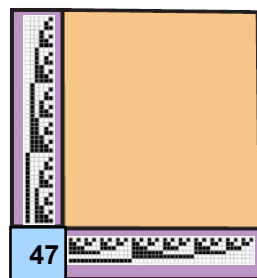
Molecular programs and compilers



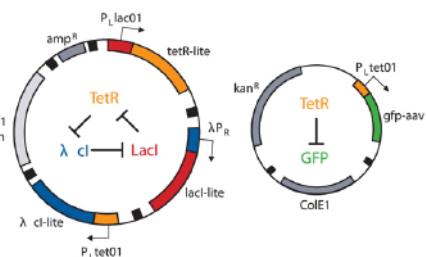
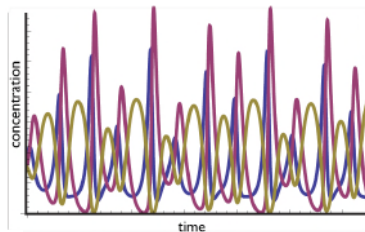
folding



self-assembly



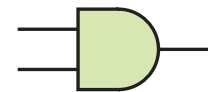
reaction networks



multicellular systems



4. Abstract Models
(components and algorithms)



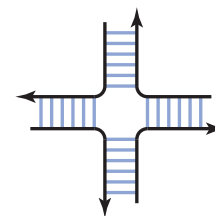
compile ↓ ↑ analyze

3. Chemical State Models
(reaction mechanism)



compile ↓ ↑ analyze

2. Secondary Structure Models
(structural mechanisms)



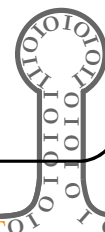
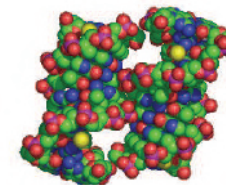
compile ↓ ↑ analyze

1. Primary Structure
(DNA sequence)

...ACGTGGCCA...

compile ↓ ↑ analyze

0. Molecular Execution
(laboratory implementation)



The question when we started, five years ago...

Are we only dreaming?

Can chemistry be programmed? At all? Is chemistry a genuine information technology? It sounds good, but what does it mean?

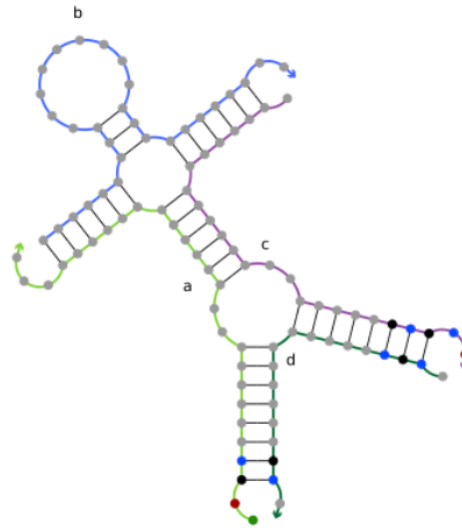
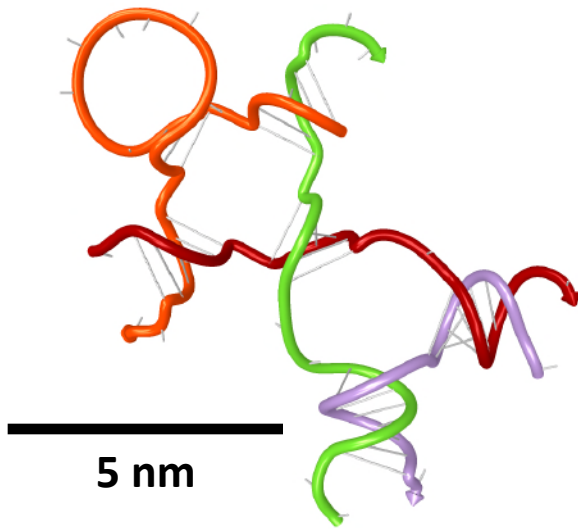
We need abstractions that work. We need systematic methods to design molecules and systems. We need “wet” synthesis and analysis methods that work – and work at a large scale.

Should we wait for the biologists and bioengineers to give us working scalable molecular technology? Or should we make it happen ourselves?

No, we're not dreaming!

NUPACK: nucleic acid system design and analysis

◆ Rigorous thermodynamic sequence design for structures



```

material = rna
temperature[C] = 23.0
sodium[M] = 1.0

structure stickfigure =
    U2D8(U2D6(D6(U3+
        )D3U9D6(U2+U1))U2D8(U2+U1))U1

domain a = AUGC N23
domain b = N29
domain c = N20 GCGCU
domain d = N18

stickfigure.seq = a b c d
    
```

sequence structure

↙ ↘

$$\Delta G(\phi, s) = \sum_{\text{loop} \in s} \Delta G(\text{loop})$$

Equilibrium probability

$$p(\phi, s) = \frac{1}{Q(\phi)} e^{-\Delta G(\phi, s)/k_B T}$$

Partition function

$$Q(\phi) = \sum_{s \in \Gamma} e^{-\Delta G(\phi, s)/k_B T}$$

Average number of incorrectly paired nucleotides, given target s

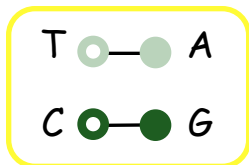
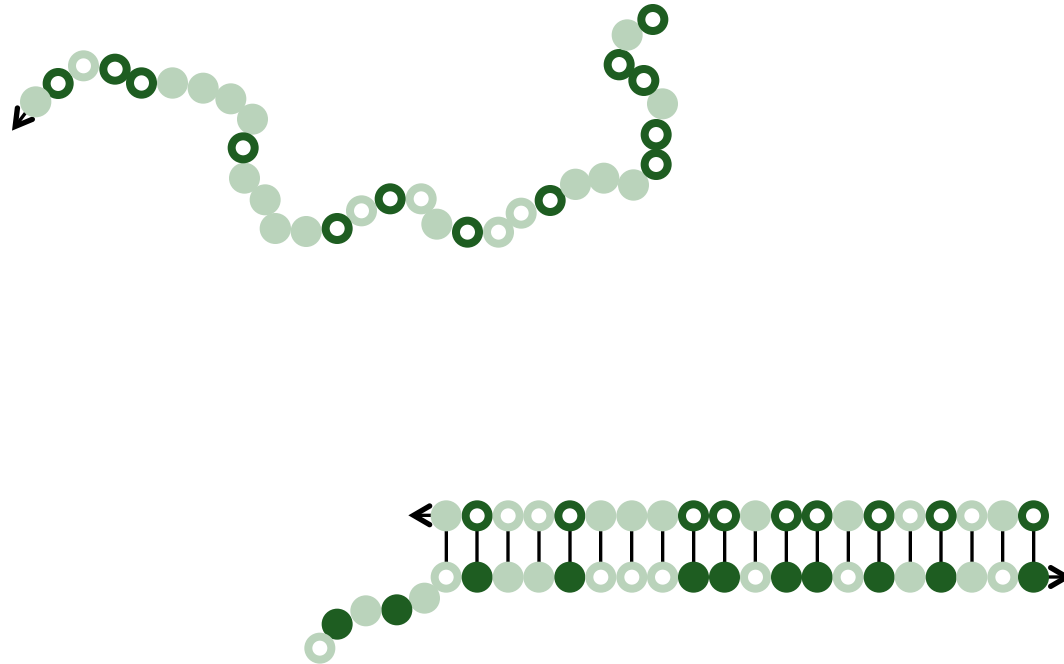
$$n(\phi, s) = N - \sum_{1 \leq i \leq N} P_{i,j}(\phi) S_{i,j}(s)$$

Dynamic programming: $\Theta(N^3)$

Zadeh, Steenberg, Bois, Wolfe, Pierce, Khan, Dirks, Pierce, J Comp Chem, 2011



DNA seesaw circuits: *in vitro* biomolecular circuitry

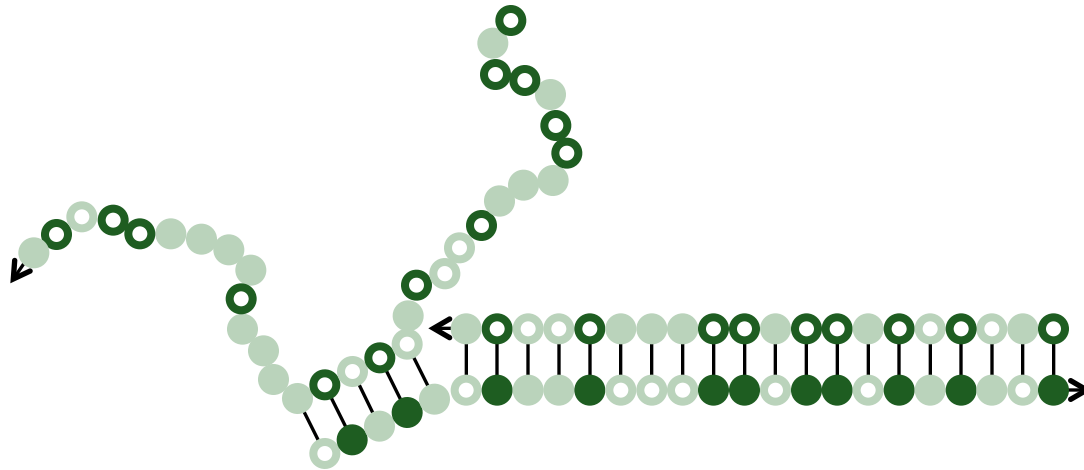


Qian, Winfree, Royal Society Interface, 2011

THE MOLECULAR PROGRAMMING PROJECT
FOR GENETICALLY PROGRAMMED
CELLS



DNA seesaw circuits: *in vitro* biomolecular circuitry



T ○ — ● A

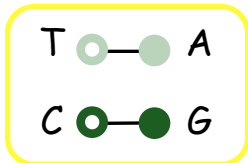
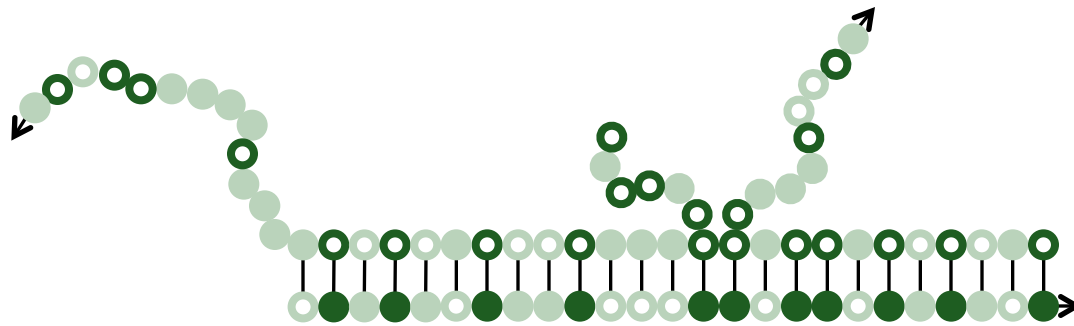
C ● — ○ G

Qian, Winfree, Royal Society Interface, 2011

THE MOLECULAR PROGRAMMING PROJECT



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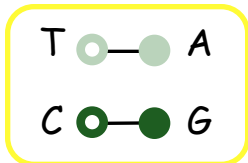
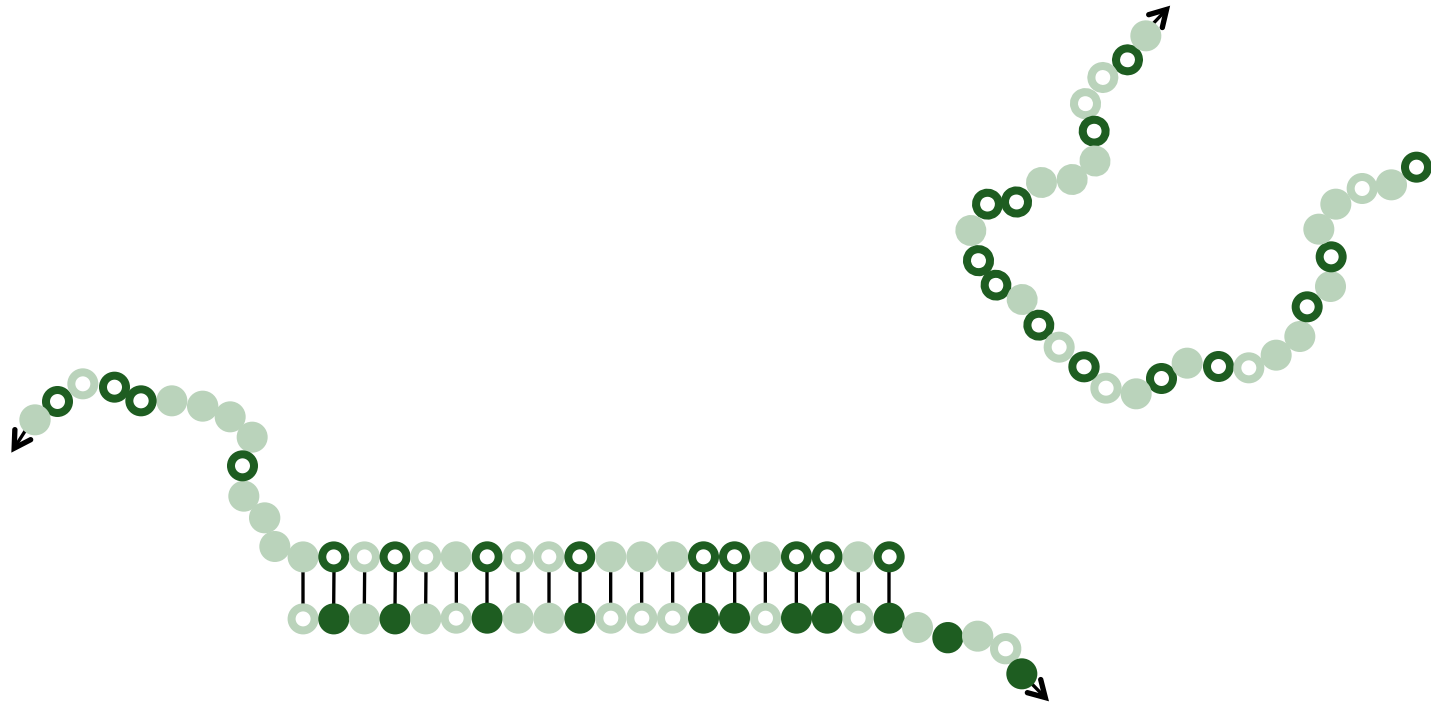


Qian, Winfree, Royal Society Interface, 2011

THE MOLECULAR PROGRAMMING PROJECT
FOR THE DESIGN OF
FUNCTIONAL MOLECULAR
SYSTEMS



DNA seesaw circuits: in vitro biomolecular circuitry

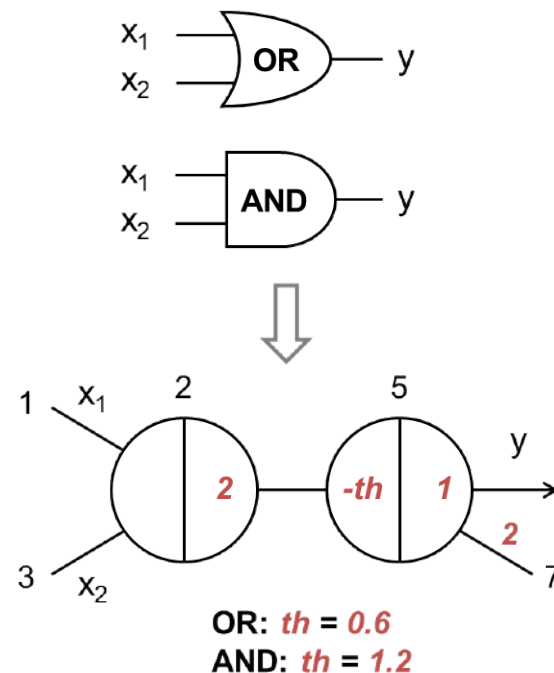
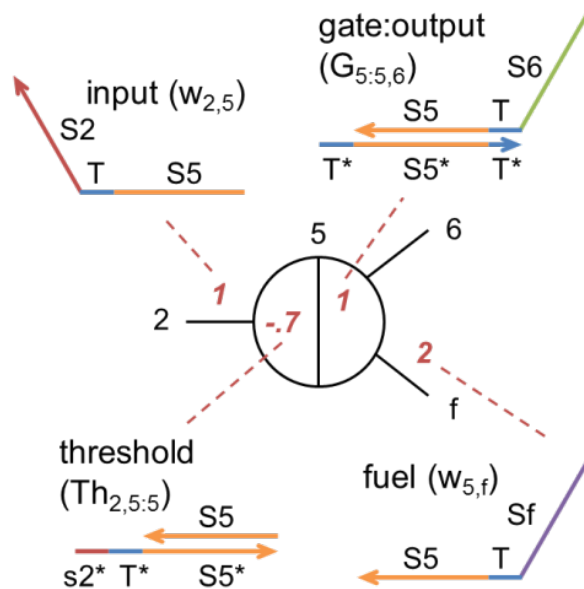
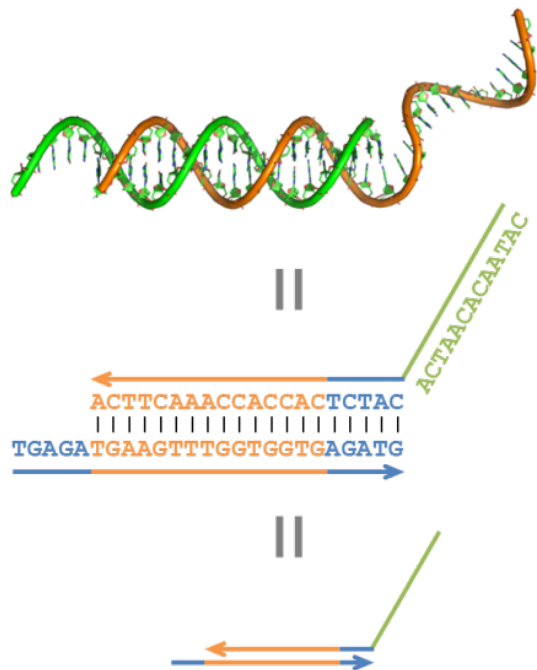


Qian, Winfree, Royal Society Interface, 2011

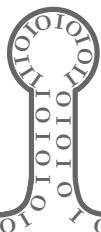
THE MOLECULAR PROGRAMMING PROJECT
FOR THE FUTURE OF COMPUTING



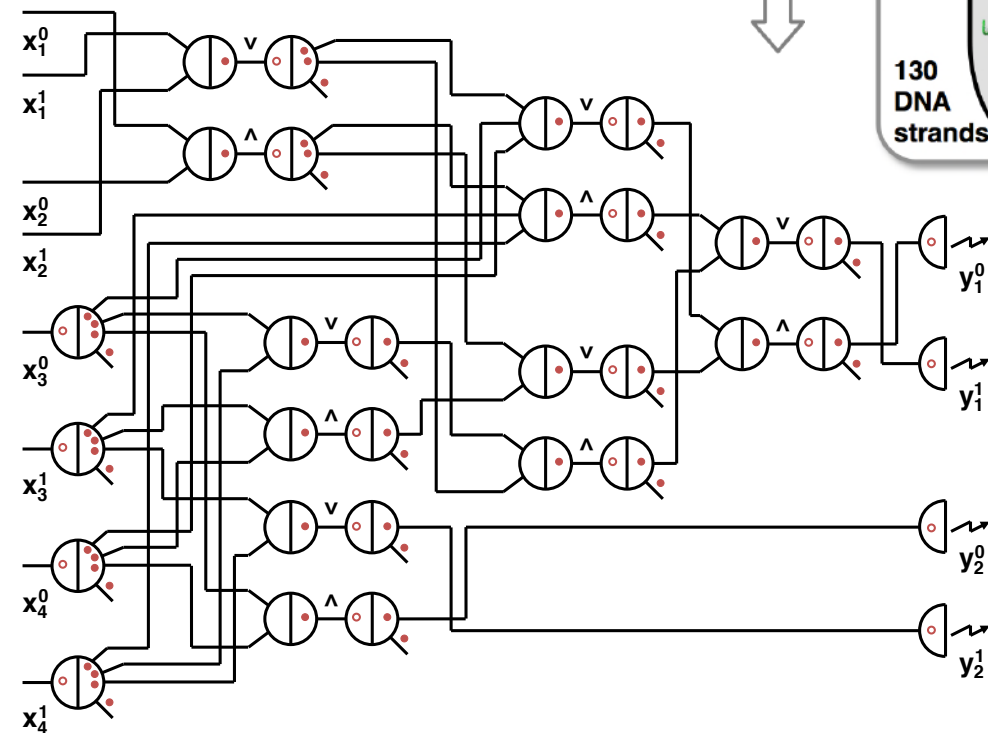
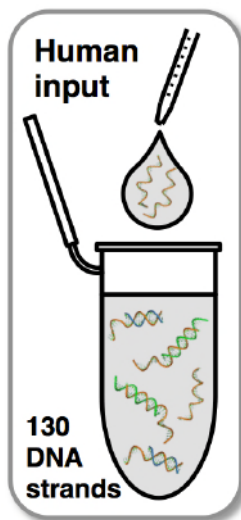
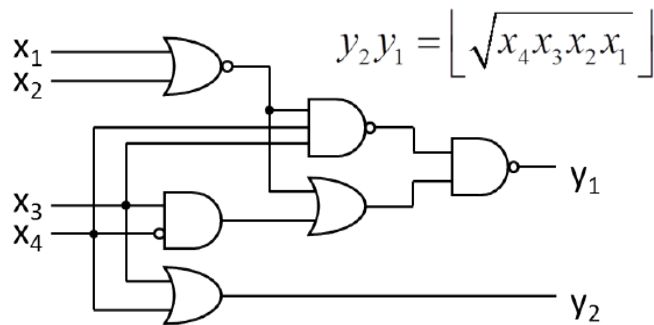
DNA seesaw circuits: in vitro biomolecular circuitry



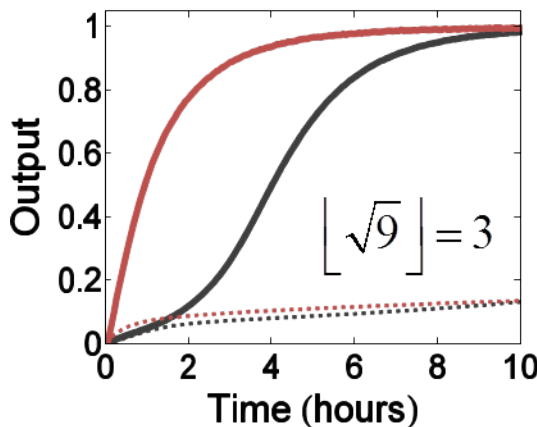
Qian, Winfree, Royal Society Interface, 2011



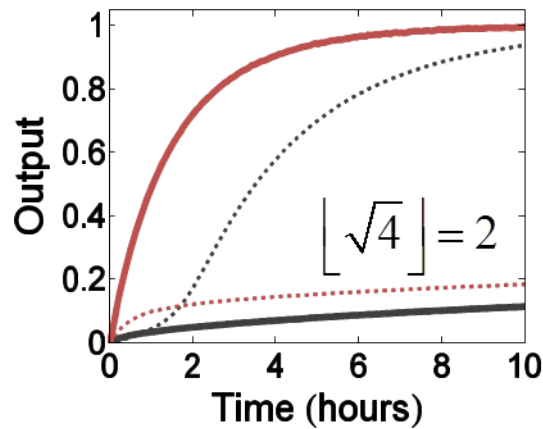
DNA seesaw circuits: in vitro biomolecular circuitry



$x_4 x_3 x_2 x_1 = 1001$ $y_2 y_1 = 11$



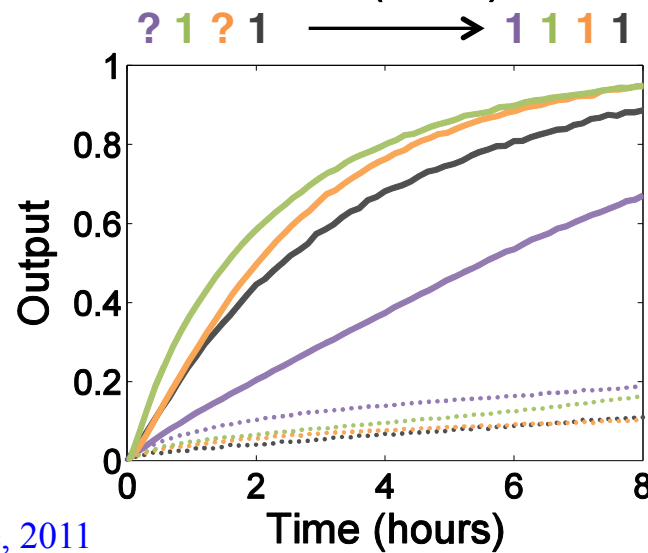
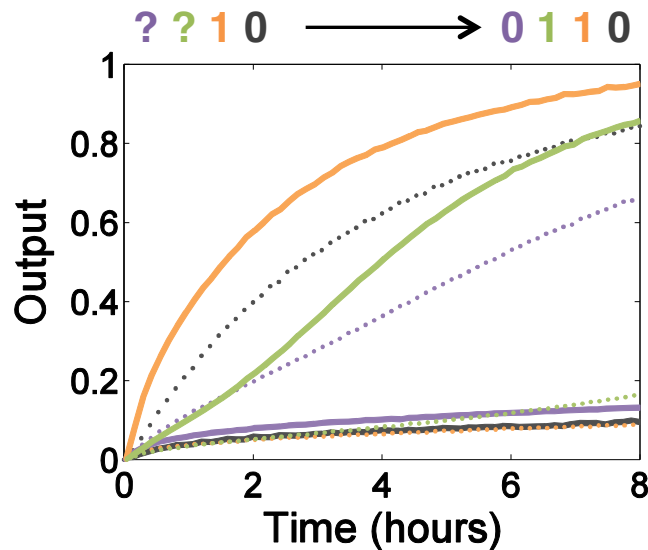
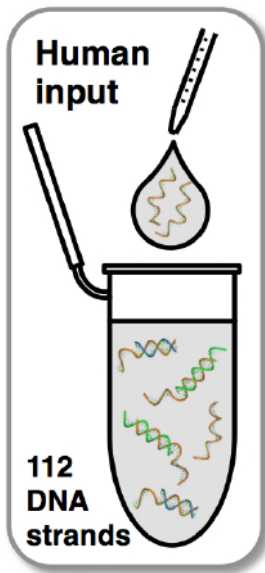
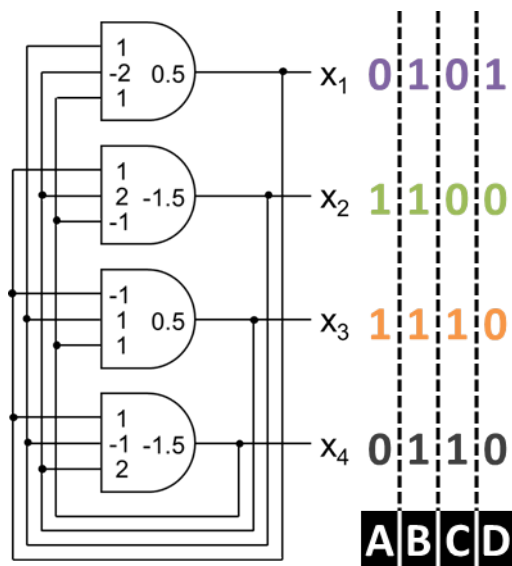
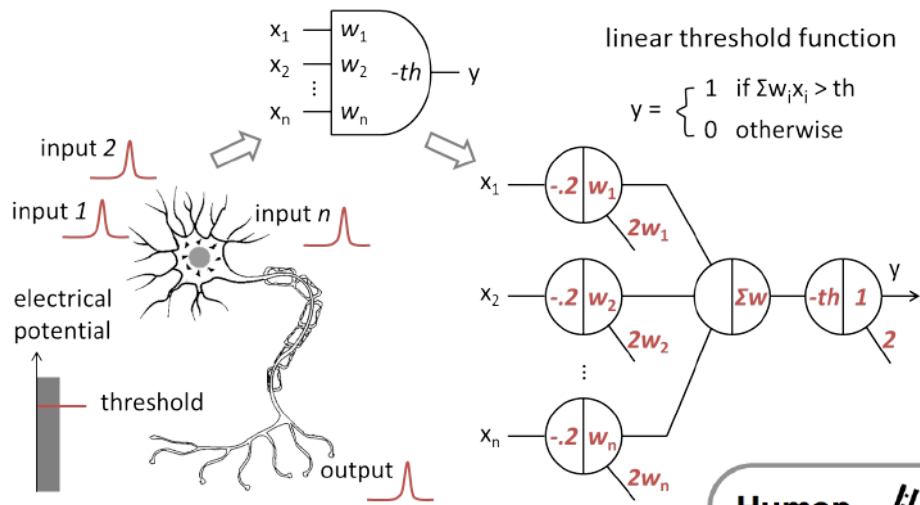
$x_4 x_3 x_2 x_1 = 0100$ $y_2 y_1 = 10$



Qian, Winfree, Science, 2011



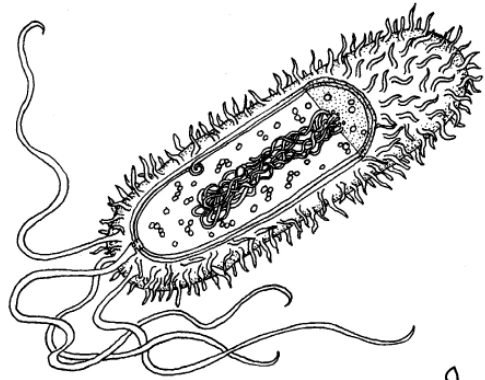
DNA seesaw circuits: in vitro biomolecular circuitry



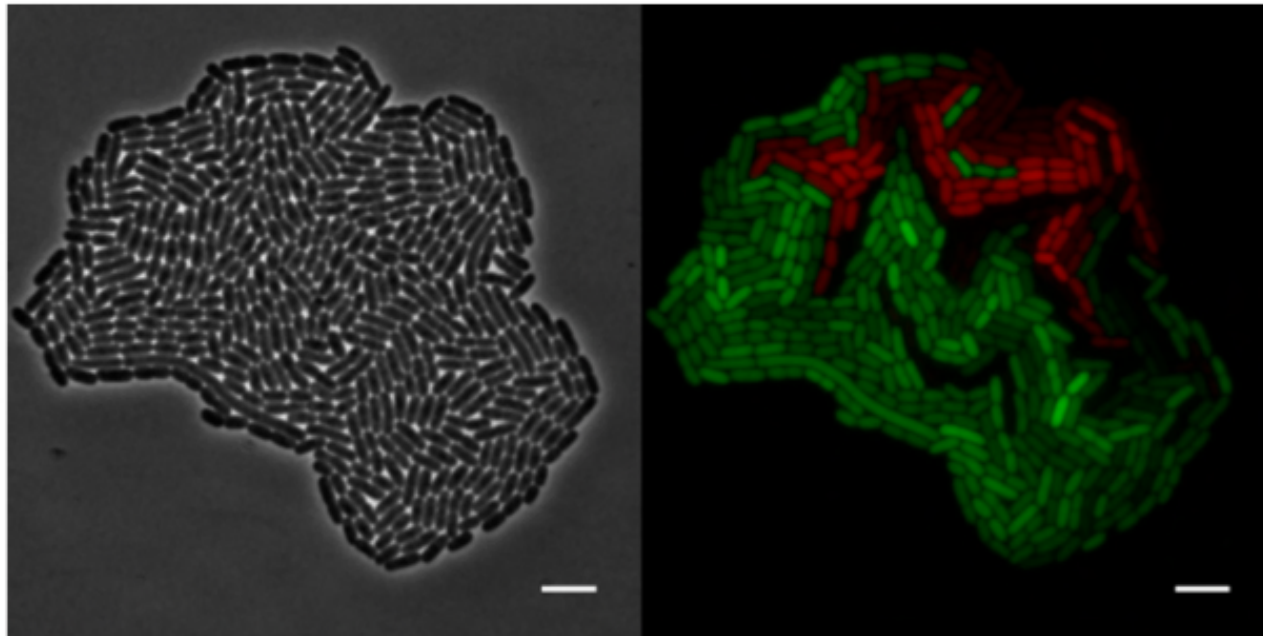
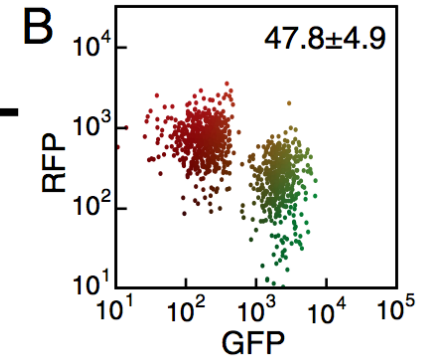
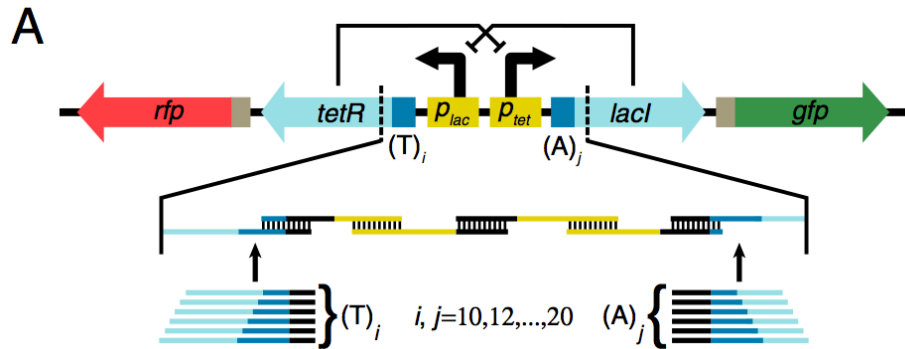
Qian, Winfree, Bruck, Nature, 2011



gro: a programming language for growing cells



9/4/98

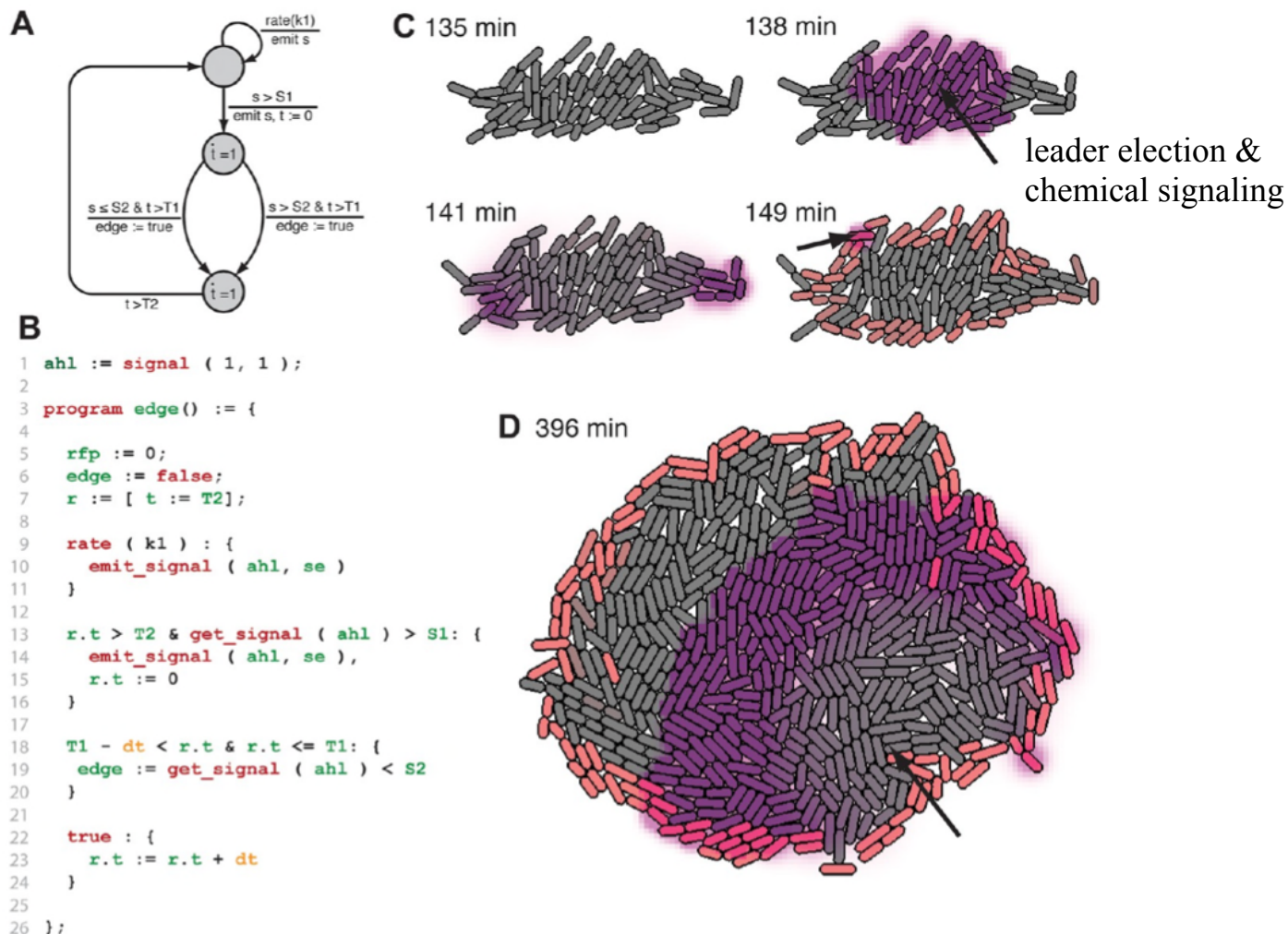


Egbert, Klavins, PNAS, 2012

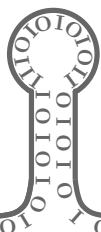
THE MOLECULAR PROGRAMMING PROJECT
 FOR GENETICALLY PROGRAMMED CELLULAR BEHAVIOR



gro: a programming language for growing cells



Jang, Oishi, Egbert, Klavins, ACS Synthetic Biology, 2012



Theoretical questions in molecular programming

Computation and construction

decisions, control, fabrication, memory

Program correctness

equivalence of high & low level specs

Abstraction hierarchy

programming languages and compilers

Complexity theory

time, space, program size, energy

Exploiting randomness

designing stochastic behavior

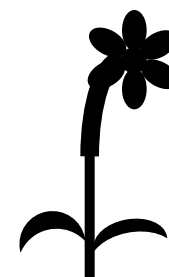
Fault-tolerance

error correction, self-repair



YES

NO



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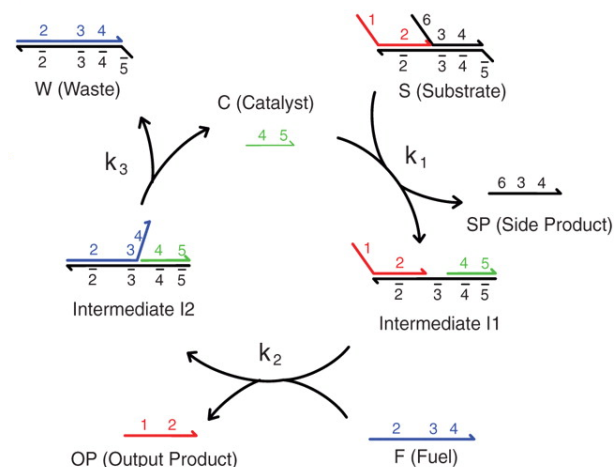
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?

=



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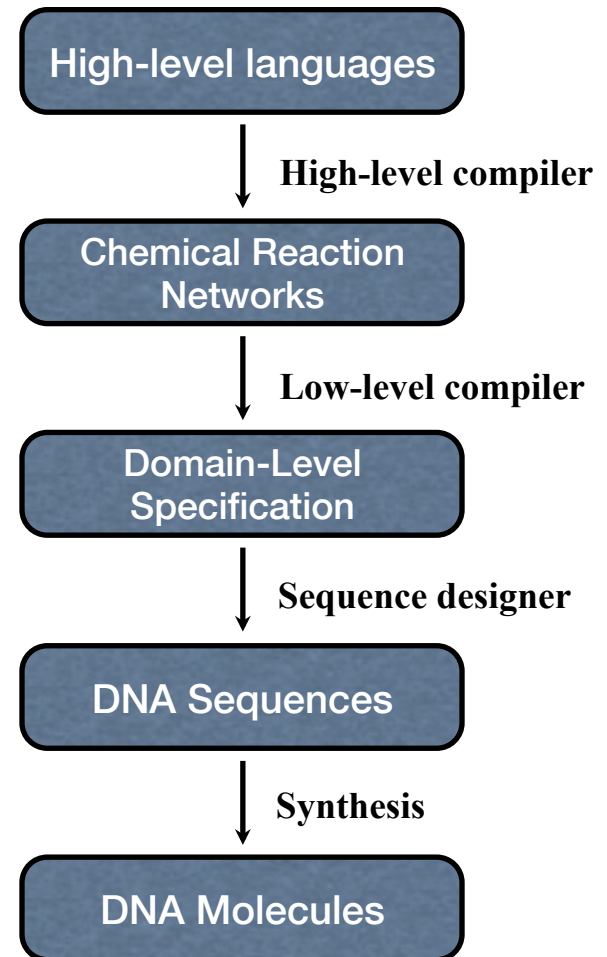
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Size n shape S , computed by $g(n)$ state TM in time $f(n)$:

...can be self-assembled from $O(f(n))$ passive tile types in time $O(n f(n))$ with scale-up factor $O(f(n))$.

...or can be constructed by molecular robots with $O(g(n) + \log n)$ states, in time $O(f(n) \log n + \log^2 n)$, with scale-up factor 1.

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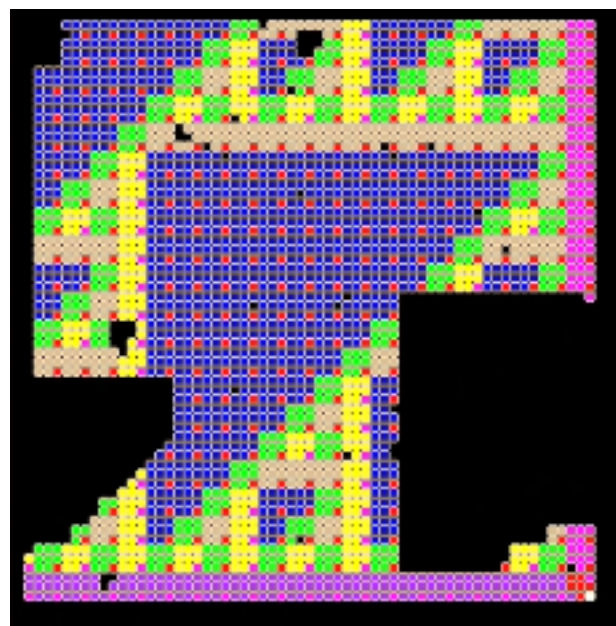
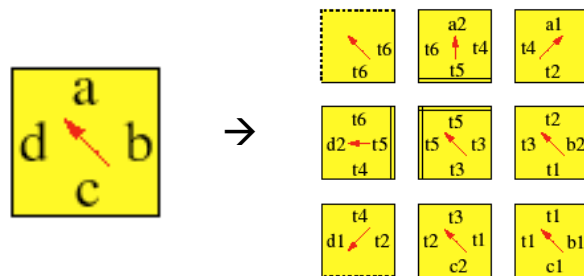
time, space, program size, energy

Exploiting randomness

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What if there were no Expedition, what then?

We wouldn't know
if we're dreaming or not...

- ◆ **The Molecular Programming Project built a community**

- Highly interdisciplinary – physics, chemistry, biology, computer science
- Not yet recognized as “computer science” by many computer science departments
- Having a strong, rich, enthusiastic *distributed* “department” helps recruit & educate students
- The Expedition award provides moral support that the area is legitimate
- Annual MPP workshops have helped coalesce a broader community

Education, Outreach, and Knowledge Transfer

Courses, books, teams

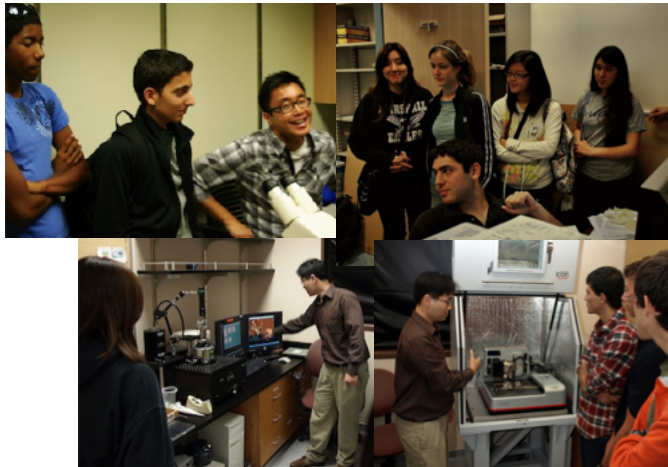
- Biomolecular Computation (Caltech)
- Biomolecular Engineering (Caltech)
- Systems Biology (Caltech)
- Information and logic (Caltech)
- Feedback Systems (Caltech)
- Mathematical Synthetic Biology (UW)
- Synthetic Biology Design Lab (UW)

Book: Biomolecular Feedback Systems

by Murray & Del Vecchio (on line)

Undergraduate competitions: BIOMOD, iGEM

Local high school visiting days



People

2 high school students

33 undergraduates

25 graduate students

11 postdocs

3 programmers

8 alumni hired as faculty

MIT, Harvard, Caltech, Rice,

JHU, UW, ... (50% women)

Artistic collaborations



Workshops, tutorials, conferences, tutorials

MPP annual workshops, 2009-2012

~40 MPP members, ~30 external

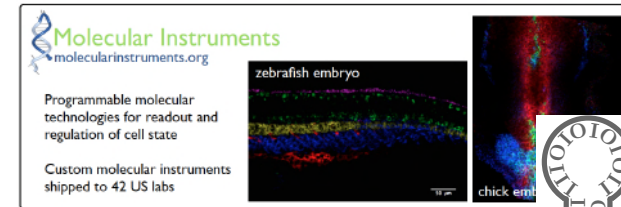
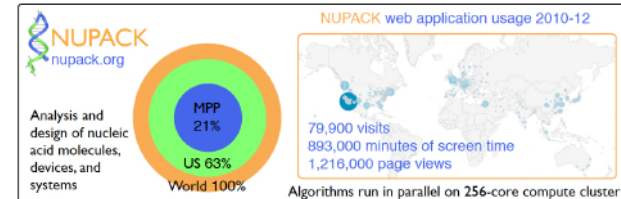
DNA Comp. & Molec. Prog., 2011

genelet wet lab tutorial, 2011

gro workshop, 2012

YouTube presentations: 68,000+ views

Tools and technologies



www.annerpino.com

THE MOLECULAR PROGRAMMING PROJECT
FOR GENETICALLY PROGRAMMED CELLULAR
SYSTEMS